

# Unlocking Youth Potential and Strengthening Internship Pathways for Graduate Employment in Africa

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Across Africa, youth unemployment is not just a crisis, it is a structural challenge with lasting consequences. With over 60 percent of Africa's population under the age of 25<sup>1</sup>, the continent is experiencing a demographic shift that presents both opportunities and urgent imperatives.

According to the African Development Bank<sup>2</sup>, Africa needs to create 12 million new jobs each year to absorb its youth population, yet only about 3 million formal jobs are being created annually. This mismatch has left millions of educated young people underemployed or in informal work, despite holding degrees and diplomas.

Internship programs have emerged as practical tools to ease the school-to-work transition, providing young graduates with the skills, networks, and confidence to navigate the labor market. Evidence suggests that these programs, when well-implemented, can fill critical gaps between higher education and the workforce.

## Internships as a Bridge to Employment

Employers often encounter fresh graduates who possess theoretical knowledge but lack workplace readiness. According to the International Labour

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> United Nations Development Programme. (2023). African Human Development Report 2023: The Future is Now – Youth and Human Development in a Changing Africa. New York, NY: UNDP. Retrieved from https://www.undp.org

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> African Development Bank (AfDB), 2022. African Economic Outlook 2022: Supporting Climate Resilience and a Just Energy Transition in Africa. [online] Abidjan: AfDB. Available at: <u>https://www.afdb.org/en/documents/african-economic-outlook-2022</u> [Accessed 16 Apr. 2025].

Organization<sup>3</sup>, globally, 13.6 percent of young people are unemployed, and the situation is more severe in Sub-Saharan Africa, where youth unemployment rates reach as high as 30 percent in some countries.

Internship programs have proven effective in enhancing employability. They offer real-world experience, improve communication skills, and cultivate problem-solving abilities. Recent encounters with employers showed that structured internship placements, when combined with a clear design, onboarding and execution processes, boost productivity and reduce the time required for graduates to reach full competence. However, some expressed concerns that associates start without sufficient technical expertise, requiring additional coaching in the early stages which could pose as demanding. Evidence also suggests that programs incorporating milestone-based spot checks, evaluations, and performance check-ins tend to improve graduate employability outcomes more effectively.

One of the most valued aspects of internship initiatives is mentorship. The World Bank<sup>4</sup> highlights that mentorship significantly influences job retention and career growth among youth in transition economies.

However, emerging insights indicate that some programs lack formalized structures for mentorship. While key performance indicators exist, a number of employers reported the need for more consistent feedback loops and long-term development tracking. This gap affects how graduates visualize their growth within the organization and beyond. Structured mentorship programs that incorporate periodic performance reviews, coaching sessions, and personalized growth plans significantly increase interns' confidence and sense of purpose. Employers also advocated for mapping clear career pathways and recognizing progress to enhance long-term engagement.

## Building Job Skills Through Virtual Learning Communities

In response to digital transformation and addressing the barriers with friction of distance and resourcefulness, it has become relevant for internship programs to adopt the application of virtual training and communities of practice. These platforms enable associates to access learning modules, industry resources, and peer collaboration spaces.

However, uptake and impact vary. Without structured accountability, participation in these virtual platforms are bound to remain inconsistent. Graduates may sign up for courses but lack the motivation or opportunity to apply their knowledge in practical settings. Some employers recommend integrating virtual learning with tangible performance incentives, such as requiring associates to submit learning summaries or linking module completion to formal evaluations. This observation is backed by findings from the Mastercard Foundation's 2022 report<sup>5</sup>, which shows that digital learning must be accompanied by mentorship and real-world application to yield meaningful outcomes.

# Shifting Employer Perceptions of Graduate Employability

To put it succinctly, internship programs are helping reshape how employers view young graduates. Historically, evidence indicates that many employers showed skepticism in hiring fresh graduates due to perceived lack of experience or industry exposure.

Employers who participated in structured internship programs noted improvements in graduates' problem-solving abilities, time management, and adaptability. These qualities, they argue, are nurtured

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> International Labour Organization (ILO), 2022. *Global Employment Trends for Youth* 2022: Investing in Transforming Futures for Young People. [online] Geneva: ILO. Available at: <u>https://www.ilo.org/global/research/global-reports/youth/2022/lang--en/index.htm</u> [Accessed 16 Apr. 2025].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> World Bank, 2020. The Power of Mentoring in Youth Employment. [online] Washington, DC: The World Bank Group. Available at: https://documents.worldbank.org/en/oublication/documents-reports/documentdetail/949

<sup>651607021641134/</sup>the-power-of-mentoring-in-vouth-employment [Accessed 16 Apr. 2025].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Mastercard Foundation, 2022. Youth at Work: Accelerating Inclusive Employment in Africa. [online] Toronto: Mastercard Foundation. Available at: https://mastercardfoundation.org/research/youth-at-work/ [Accessed 16 Apr. 2025].

when interns are given meaningful tasks, leadership exposure, and the chance to take initiative.

Over time, such programs foster employer trust, making them more open to hiring young professionals. This trust is particularly strengthened when programs include quality talent sourcing and alignment with organizational culture. This aligns with data from the African Center for Economic Transformation<sup>6</sup>, which found that employers who participate in structured graduate employment programs are 40 percent more likely to retain interns for full-time roles.

## **Enhancing Retention and Reducing Turnover**

Despite their benefits, retention remains a key challenge. Some interns see their roles as stopgaps while searching for more permanent or better-paid opportunities. This view is shaped by contract uncertainties, lack of visibility on long-term prospects, and the perception that internships are inherently temporary.

For employers, this uncertainty can be costly. Losing trained interns disrupts workflow and affects client satisfaction, particularly in organizations where associates interact directly with customers or support core operations.

To address this, employers recommended clearer retention policies, career progression planning, and non-monetary incentives such as certificates, mentoring, or recommendation letters where required. Creating a culture of recognition and growth can also help keep talent engaged beyond the internship period.

#### **Public Sector Support and Policy Implications**

Governments across Africa must play a more active role in scaling youth internship initiatives. Programs piloted by civil society and philanthropic actors often lack the scale to meet the full magnitude of youth unemployment.

Some cases in African countries like Kenya and Rwanda offer good examples. Kenya's Ajira Digital Program and Rwanda's NEP-KoraWigire initiative have integrated internships, apprenticeships, and entrepreneurship training within national youth employment strategies. According to the African Union's 2021 Youth Charter Implementation report<sup>7</sup>, such programs increase employment chances for youth by 25 to 40 percent within a year of completion.

Stakeholders recommend that government bodies consider tax incentives for companies hosting interns, subsidized stipends for graduates, and integration of internship experiences into national service frameworks to improve private sector participation in solving the youth employment crisis.

## **Charting The Way Forward**

Internship programs offer a powerful lever to transform graduate employability and address Africa's youth unemployment challenge. When embedded with mentorship, structured learning, and employer support, they can produce job-ready professionals equipped to thrive in a competitive labor market.

To make a meaningful and lasting impact, these programs must be scaled nationally, adapted across industries, and supported with robust public-private collaboration. The insights from employers highlight the importance of sustained investment in youth employment pathways, not as a corporate social responsibility exercise, but as a long-term strategy for national development. Africa's youth are not a burden, they are its greatest asset. Equipping them for work and leadership is not optional. It is urgent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> African Center for Economic Transformation (ACET), 2021. Youth Employment and Skills in Africa: Accelerating Opportunities for Young People. [online] Accra: ACET. Available at: https://acetforafrica.org/publications/youth-employment-and-skills-in-africa [Accessed 16 Apr. 2025].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> African Union, 2021. Status of Implementation of the African Youth Charter: Continental Report. [online] Addis Ababa: African Union Commission. Available at: https://au.int/en/documents/20210701/status-implementation-african-youth-charter [Accessed 16 Apr. 2025].